



Technische Universität München

How we Made it to 1st Place on the Leaderboard

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The Final Leaderboard

		Team	Small (sec)	Big (sec)	New (sec)
	1	Campers (TUM)	0.081	1.938	7.515
	2	RotaFortunae (Saint Petersburg University)	0.158	1.969	9.394
	3	 mofumofu (Tohoku University) 	0.065	1.507	10.3 <mark>4</mark> 3
	4	glhf	0.137	2.100	11.795
	5	🕋 phoenix (Peking University)	0.585	2.320	12.794
	6	StrongAccept (Tsinghua University)	0.396	3.019	12.848
	51	weWillWin	18.021	N/A	N/A
	52	null	22.463	N/A	N/A
	53	🗲 ePetra	30.927	N/A	N/A
	54	JoblessCoders	43.174	N/A	N/A
	55	= TangYuan	43.798	N/A	N/A

The Challenge

Implement a **stream system**:

The server must allow to register **fuzzy string matching** queries. For each document streamed through the system, it must return the set of queries that matched.





Exact Matching: Test if two words are equal Hamming Distance: Number of positions that differ between two words of the same size Levenshtein Edit Distance: Minimum number of insert/delete/substitute operations between two words

The AP

startQuery(qId,query,type,distance) endQuery(qId) matchDocument(docId, document) getNextAvailableResult(docId*, n*, qId**)

Inherent Optimizations

 Document deduplication, trivial ② Query word clustering, **NOT** trivial

Example

Q1: justin bieber Q2: justin timberlake Q3: justin time $\neg matches("justin") \implies \neg matches(\{Q1, Q2, Q3\})$

Algorithm

• For each query word, determine "skip words"

Parallelism & Concurrency

matchDocument(char* doc) \rightarrow strcpy() \rightarrow spawn() \rightarrow return

Task: MatchDocument

- Tokenization and Preparation
- spawn() ------
- Exact Matching
- join()
- Result compilation
- enqueue(Result)



Intel Thread Building Blocks

• Hierarchically expose parallelism No unnecessary synchronization

- Incrementally remove skip words, periodically recompute
- Skip vector for all deactivate words



Low-Overhead Filtering

- Use filters to determine if two words *can* be within Edit/Hamming distance d.
- Challenge: Filter must be substantially faster than invoking the metric itself

Our filters:

a=1 b=2

1 Length: $||word_a| - |word_b|| \le d \Longrightarrow$ possible match

② Frequency Histogram (full size and folded):

a=2 b=3

z=0

"abb" Delta Δ "abbab"

$$\Delta \le 2d - ||word_a| - |word_b||$$

Blazing-Fast Metric Computation

Hamming Distance

- SIMD instructions
- Improved version over streaming string SSE4

static inline unsigned similarity hamming(__m128i a, __m128i b)

```
____m128i mask=_mm_set1_epi8(254);
union { __m128i a; uint64 t b[2]; } x;
x.a=_mm_adds_epu8(_mm_xor_si128(a,b),mask);
return (_mm_popcnt_u64(x.b[0])+_mm_popcnt_u64(x.b[1]))-(128-16);
```

Edit Distance

- Fastest available bit-parallel algorithm by Myers
- Enhanced with SIMD instructions to eliminate loop

Match Caching

Haar Wavelet Index

<u>Σ=2</u>



Observation

People make the same typos again and again, e.g. "calendar" vs "calender".

Idea

• Cache misspelled (document) words with matching query words (for each metric and each distance). • Probe document's hash table with misspelled word. • Often saves the iteration through entire document.